ALL' 互動英語

行動單字卡

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UNIT 1 烏俄戰爭一周年回顧

- * 1. invade [ɪn`ved] v. 武裝入侵、侵略;湧入 禰 invasion [ɪn`veʒən] n. 武裝入侵、侵略 The army invaded the town in a surprise attack. 軍隊突襲入侵這個城鎮。
- * 2. conquer [kaŋkə] v. 占領、征服;攻克、克服
 The Romans conquered Carthage, destroying the city during the Third Punic War.
 古羅馬人征服迦太基城,在第三次布匿戰爭中摧毀該城。
- *3. **determination** [dɪˌtɜmə`neʃən] n. 決心、堅決、果斷 While she isn't the best athlete, Barbara often wins her tennis matches through her extreme **determination**. 雖然她不是最優秀的運動員,但芭芭拉經常透過過人的決心贏得網球比賽。
- *4. repel [rɪ`pɛl] v. 擊退、驅逐

 The cat repelled the bear's attack by scratching it on the nose.
 這隻貓藉著抓傷熊的鼻子以擊退牠的攻擊。
- *5. occupy [akjəzpaɪ] v. 占領、占據;占(時間、空間)
 The foreign troops occupied the countryside, while the native troops held the urban areas.

 小國軍隊占領了鄉村地區,而本土軍隊則守住都市地區。
- *6. humiliate [hju`mɪlizet] v. 羞辱;使蒙羞、出醜Ron was humiliated by the trick his friends played on him.

 榮恩因為朋友的惡作劇而感到羞辱。
- * 7. **defeat** [dr`fit] *n.* 戰敗、失利 *v.* 擊敗;戰勝

 After suffering another **defeat**, Ronald gave up playing badminton for good.

 在遭受又一次失敗後,羅納德永遠放棄打羽球了。

UNIT 2 土撥鼠日的歷史起源

* 1. spectator [spɛk/tetə] n. (尤指觀看體育比賽、 活動、表演等的) 觀眾

A crowd of **spectators** watched the magician's performance.

一群觀眾正在觀看魔術師的表演。

- * 2. emerge [ɪ`mɜdʒ] v. 出現、浮現;露出 The bear emerged from the cave after the long, cold winter.
 - 那隻熊在漫長而寒冷的冬天後從洞穴出現了。
- *3. resident [rɛzədənt] n. 居民、住戶、居住者
 The residents of the small town voted to build a new library.
 小鎮的居民投票決定興建一間新的圖書館。
- * **4. ritual** [rɪtʃəwəl] *n.* (宗教)儀式、典禮;例行公事 The monks performed various **rituals** to celebrate the religious holiday. 僧侶進行了各種儀式來慶祝這個宗教節日。
- * **5. myth** [mɪθ] *n.* 神話;錯誤的看法或觀念(常音譯為「迷思」)

 Many ancient societies had creation **myths** explaining the origin of the world.

 許多古代社會都有創世神話來解釋世界的起源。
- * 7. adapt [a`dæpt] v. 使改造、適應(不同情况或新用途)、改編(及物);適應(不及物,常接 to N.)

 The engine's design was adapted for use in extreme weather conditions.
 這個引擎的設計被改造成適用於極端天氣條件之下。

UNIT 3 劉思慕:戲裡戲外都是超級英雄

- * 1. influential [Influenfal] adj. 有影響力的、有權勢的
 The professor's theories were very influential among other scientists.
 這名教授的理論在其他科學家中很有影響力。
- * **2. furthermore** [fsðəzmər] adv. 此外;而且 Roger is smart and, **furthermore**, very funny. 羅傑很聰明,此外還非常風趣。
- *3. accountant [ə`kauntnt] n. 會計師
 The company's accountant made some math errors that were very costly.
 這家公司的會計師犯了一些造成嚴重損失的數學錯誤。

* **4. radical** [rædɪkəl] *adj*. 重大的、根本的;激進的、 極端的

Glen made the **radical** decision to pass up the opportunity to go to university.

格蘭做了重大的決定,放棄上大學的機會。

*5. pursue [pə`su] v. 追求;執行、貫徹;追捕

補 pursuit [pə`sut] n. 追求;貫徹;追捕

Valerie **pursued** her dream of buying a home with great seriousness.

瓦樂莉非常認真地追求她買房的夢想。

*6. rejection [rɪ`dʒɛk∫ən] n. 拒絕;拒絕信

Carlos felt sad about the **rejection** of his attempt to join the baseball team.

卡羅斯對於他試圖加入棒球隊被拒感到難過。

*7. destiny [ˈdɛstəni] n. 命運;天命

The dog's **destiny** was decided by a lucky meeting with a kindly old man.

這隻狗的命運在幸運遇到一名仁慈的老人時就決定了。

***8. overaⅡ** [ˌovə`ɔl] adv. 總的來說;總體上、全部

The performance had some problems but was successful **overall**.

這場表演有一些問題,但總的來說很成功。

News 美 國航太總署公布來自黑洞的

theoretical [∠θiə`rεtɪkəl] adj. (研究)理論(性)的;
 理論上的

Zack's knowledge of car repair is completely **theoretical**, so he can't actually help fix the engine. 查克對修車的知識完全是理論上的,所以他實際上無法幫忙修理引擎。

*2. physics [fiziks] n. 物理學

The fact that an object in motion tends to stay in motion is one of the basic laws of **physics**.

動者恆動這個事實是物理學的基本定律。

*3. equation [1`kwe3ən] n. 方程式;等式

The student solved every **equation** on the math test, earning a perfect score.

這名學生解出數學測驗上的每一道方程式,獲得滿分。

* 4. quest [kwɛst] n. 追求、探索、尋找

Darrell, who was adopted as a baby, is on a **quest** to find his birth mother.

達雷爾嬰兒時就被領養了,他要尋找親生母親。

* **5. dense** [dɛns] *adj.* 密度大的;濃密的;密集的

A substance with a high amount of mass in a very small volume is quite **dense**.

在很小的體積中質量高的物質密度相當大。

*6. significance [sɪg`nɪfɪkəns] n. 重要性;重要意義

It was only days after their conversation that Calvin understood the **significance** of what Selma had said. 直到他們談完話幾天後凱文才了解賽爾瑪所說的話的重要性。

7. galaxy [ˈgæləksi] *n.* 銀河、銀河系 (作此義時首字母常用大寫); 星系

The giant **galaxy** is made up of hundreds of millions of stars.

這個巨大的星系由好幾百萬顆星星組成。

UNIT 4《格雷的畫像》

* 1. extraordinarily [ɪk`strɔrdəˌnɛrəli] adv. 極其、 非常;特別

The soccer star was **extraordinarily** skilled with his feet.

這名足球明星的足下功夫了得。

2. corrupt [kə`rʌpt] *adj.* 墮落的、道德敗壞的;腐敗的

The **corrupt** politician took money in exchange for his vote on the law.

那名墮落的政治人物拿錢來交換他對該法的選票。

* 3. marvel [morvəl] v. 大為讚嘆、驚訝不已(後面常接 at N. 指「對……感到驚訝、驚奇」)

The audience **marveled** at the magician's tricks. 觀眾對魔術師的戲法感到驚嘆不已。

* **4. disgusted** [dɪs`gʌstəd] *adj.* 感到厭惡的、反感的; 噁心的

Brenda was **disgusted** by the mess her brother left in the sink.

布蘭達對弟弟留在水槽的髒亂感到非常厭惡。

*5. **genuine** [d₃ɛnjəwən] adj. 真摯的、真誠的;真正的

The teacher first thought the student was pretending to cry but then realized that her tears were **genuine**.

老師一開始以為這個學生假裝在哭泣,但接著意識到她的眼淚是真的。

* **6. sentiment** [sentəmənt] *n*. (對人事物的)情緒、 感情;感傷

> Mark really loves watching cartoons, but his **sentiments** are not shared by his older sisters. 馬克真的很喜歡看卡通,但他的姐姐們無法感同身受。

* 7. reflection [rɪ`flɛk∫ən] n. 反映、體現;倒影、映像 The business's failure was a reflection of the difficult economic conditions. 企業的失敗反映了艱難的經濟情勢。

*8. guilty [ˈgɪlti] adj. 愧疚的;有罪的

補 guilt [gɪlt] n. 罪惡感、愧疚、內疚

Nora felt **guilty** about accidentally breaking Ben's glasses, so she bought him a new pair.

諾拉對於不慎弄壞班恩的眼鏡感到愧疚,所以買了一副 新的給他。

*9. retain [rɪ`ten] v. 保有;保持;保留

The restaurant's low prices drew some customers, but few were **retained** over the long term. 這間餐廳的低價吸引了一些顧客,但長期下來保有的顧客卻沒幾個。

* 10. youthful [ˈjuθfəl] adj. 青春的;朝氣蓬勃的 Though she's 60 years old, she has the youthful energy of a much younger person. 儘管六十歳了,她卻有著更加年輕的人才有的青春 活力。

* 11. occasionally [ə`keʒənəli] adv. 偶爾地、有時 Jim and George still talk occasionally, but they are not as close as they once were. 吉姆和喬治偶爾仍然會聊天,但他們已不如以前那麼 親近。

* **12. overcome** [<code>/ovə^k.nm</code>] v. 使 (某人)無法負荷、使 (某人)受不了 (常用 be overcome with/by sth 指「因 (某事)而受不了」)

The woman was **overcome** with sadness at her father's funeral.

這名女子在父親的葬禮上悲痛欲絕。

* 13. hatred [hetrəd] n. 仇恨、憎惡

The fans of the two teams developed a **hatred** of each other over years of competition. 經過多年的競爭,兩支球隊的粉絲發展出對彼此的仇恨。

* 14. stab [stæb] v. 捅;刺

The man went to the hospital after being **stabbed** in the stomach.

這名男子肚子被刺傷後進了醫院。

* 15. revenge [rɪ`vεndʒ] n. 復仇;報復

Sheila wanted **revenge** against Tom because he made fun of her dress.

席拉想要報復湯姆,因為他嘲笑她的裙子。

* **16. resolve** [rr`zalv] v. 下定決心 (resolve to V. 指「下定決心做……」)

Will **resolved** to start exercising regularly when he noticed he'd gained 20 pounds.

當他發現自己變重二十磅,威爾下定決心要開始規律運動。

UNIT 5 魅力水都威尼斯

1. combat [kəm`bæt] v. 打擊;與······搏鬥(現在分詞寫作 combating 或 combatting)

Getting extra sleep can help the body **combat** the effects of an illness.

增加睡眠時間可以幫助身體對抗疾病的影響。

* 2. **beloved** [bī`lʌvəd] *adj.* 深愛的、鍾愛的;被喜愛的

The band was so **beloved** that they had fans in countries around the world.

該樂團深受喜愛,以致於他們在世界各國都有粉絲。

3. canal [kə`næl] n. 運河;水道

The Suez **Canal** allows ships to travel directly from the Red Sea to the Mediterranean Sea. 蘇伊士渾河讓船隻得以直接從紅海涌往地中海。

* 4. stroll [strol] n., v. 漫步;閒逛

Fatima took a pleasant **stroll** through the park, walking past the pond and the playground. 法蒂瑪在公園愉快地散步,走過池塘和遊樂場。

* 5. landmark [lænd/mark] n. 地標;里程碑
The Tokyo Tower is one of Tokyo's major landmarks.

6. arch [artʃ] *n*. 拱門; 拱形結構

東京鐵塔是東京主要的地標之一。

The **arch** was an important feature of many ancient Roman buildings. 拱門是許多古羅馬建築的一個重要特色。

* 7. dome [dom] n. 圓屋頂、穹頂

The Taj Mahal in India is topped by a large **dome** made of marble.

印度的泰姬瑪哈陵頂部是一個大理石的大圓頂。

* 8. overlook [/ovə`luk] v. 俯瞰、眺望;忽略 Gwen stayed in a hotel on a mountain that overlooked a valley below. 關住在山上一間俯瞰底下山谷的飯店。

* 9. residence [rɛzədəns] n. 住所、住宅;居住地
The White House is both the residence and workplace of the president of the United States.
白宮是美國總統的官邸及辦公場所。

- * 10. convict [kan_vikt] n. (服刑中的) 囚犯;已決犯 After the trial ended, the convict escaped from the guards as he was being taken to prison. 審判結束後,這名囚犯在被帶往監獄時從警衛手中 脫洮。
- * 11. renowned [rɪ`naund] adj. 著名的、有聲望的(world-renowned 表示「舉世聞名的」)
 The doctor was widely renowned for being an expert in the treatment of cancer.
 這名醫生以作為治療癌症的專家而享有盛名。
 - **12. apt** [æpt] *adj*. (話語、描述等) 合適的、貼切的;有……傾向的

The children decided that Spot was an **apt** name for the dog, given the many black spots on his fur. 鑒於這隻狗毛皮上有許多黑色斑點,孩子們決定「斑點」是很適合牠的名字。

* **13**. **await** [a`wet] v. 等待、等候(可作及物或不及物用,作及物時與 wait for 意思相同)

Several interview requests **awaited** the pop star when she arrived at the hotel.

這名流行樂歌手一抵達飯店便有好幾個訪談邀約等著 她。

UNIT 7 從情人節聊巧克力

* 1. sacrifice [sækrə/faɪs] n. 犧牲、捨棄;獻祭
Madeline has made many sacrifices to keep her children happy.

為了讓孩子們開心,瑪德琳做了很多犧牲。

* 2. contribute [kən`trɪbjut] v. 奉獻、貢獻;捐獻

Connor's research efforts **contributed** significantly to the debate team's success.

康諾的研究成果對辯論隊的成功貢獻卓著。

3. batch [bæt∫] n. 一批、一組

用法 a batch of / batches of + 複數可數名詞 / 不可數名詞

The nurse prepared another **batch** of flu shots for distribution.

護理師準備了另一批流感疫苗要來分發。

- **4. ginger** [dʒIndʒə] n. 薑、生薑
 Angela likes to flavor her tea with **ginger**.
 安潔拉喜歡用薑增添茶的風味。
- *5. sensation [sɛn`se∫ən] n. 引起轟動的人、事物或情況

The singer became a **sensation** as a result of her first single.

這位歌手因她的第一首單曲引起了轟動。

- * 7. apparently [ə`pɛrəntli] adv. 顯然地;似乎
 The fire apparently started because the stove had been left on.
 這場火顯然是因為瓦斯爐一直開著而引起的。
- * 8. expertise [\center \text{Eksp} \text{`tiz}] n. 專門知識、技能;專長
 Carmine is an experienced engineer, but he has no particular expertise in airplanes.
 + 邁恩是一位經驗豐富的工程師,但他在飛機方面並沒有
 特別的專門技能。

UNIT 8 再生旅游:走過並留下好足跡

* 1. strain [stren] n. 負擔、壓力

用法 place/put a strain on sth/sb 給予……壓力; 對……造成負擔

The temporary loss of power due to the storm placed a great **strain** on the hospital. 由於暴風雨而暫時停電對這間醫院造成巨大的壓力。

*2. sustainable [sə`stenəbəl] adj. 永續的、可持續 發展的

Sustainable farming practices would allow the land to continue producing crops long into the future. 永續的農作法能讓土地到未來都能持續生產農作物。

*3. community [kə`mjunəti] n. 社區;群體;(動植物的)群落

The people of the small **community** worked together to keep the local streets clean. 這個小社區的人攜手合作維持當地街道的整潔。

- * 4. fulfillment [fu`filmənt] n. 滿足、成就 (a sense of fulfillment 指「滿足感、成就感」);完成、實現 Sheila found a sense of personal fulfillment through her hobby of writing poetry. 席拉透過寫詩的嗜好找到了個人的成就感。
- * 6. restore [rr`stor] v. 使復育、使復原、使恢復
 After the car accident, Bill needed an operation to restore his ability to walk.
 在那場車禍後,比爾需要手術來恢復他的行走能力。

* 7. carbon [karbən] n. 碳

The diamond was formed from **carbon** that was placed under high temperature and pressure levels. 鑽石是由置於高溫、高壓下的碳所形成的。

* 8. destination [\desta`nefən] n. 目的地、終點

Amy checked with the bus driver to make sure that the bus would take her to her desired **destination**. 艾美和公車司機確認這臺公車會帶她去她想去的目的地。

UNIT 9 淺談網路購物的利弊得失

* 1. **consumer** [kən`sumə] *n.* 消費者、顧客 (常作修飾語用)

A large increase in **consumer** spending can cause stores to raise prices.

消費者支出的大幅增加可能造成店家提高價格。

* 2. enormous [i`nɔrməs] adj. 巨大的、極大的、 龐大的

Patricia's seemingly small mistake later led to **enormous** problems.

派翠西亞看似微小的失誤後來導致了極大的問題。

- * 3. boost [bust] n. 提升、推動力、改善 v. 增強;推動 Grant's new exercise program gave him a 20 percent boost in strength in just five weeks. 格蘭特的新運動計畫在五週之內提升了他百分之二十的 體能。
- * 4. shift [∫ɪft] n. 改變;移動;轉移

There was a clear **shift** in the mood of the party following the argument between Darren and Tonya.

派對的氣氛在達倫和譚雅發生爭執後有明顯的轉變。

5. emission [i`mɪ∫ən] n. 排放物、散發物;排放

The environmental problems produced by greenhouse gas **emissions** are significant and getting worse.

溫室氣體排放物所產生的環境問題相當顯著且每況 愈下。

6. warehouse [wer_haus] n. 倉庫、貨倉

The company rented a large **warehouse** to store their products before delivering them.
那間公司租了一間大倉庫來存放出貨前的產品。

* 7. **qoods** [gudz] n. 貨物、商品(作此義時恆用複數)

The firm produced a range of electronic **goods**, including computers, washing machines, and refrigerators.

這家公司生產了一系列的電子商品,包含電腦、洗衣機 和冰箱。 * 8. excessive [ɪk`sɛsɪv] adj. 過度的、過多的
The cat was put on a diet due to its habit of eating excessive amounts of food.

那隻貓因為習慣吃過量的食物而被控制飲食。

*9. recycle [ri`saɪkəl] v. 回收利用

Hank collected and **recycled** bottles and cans to make some extra money.

漢克收集並回收瓶子和罐子來賺取一些額外收入。

* 10. infrastructure [Infrə/strʌktʃə] n. 基礎建設、 基礎設施

The city's poor **infrastructure** care resulted in broken water pipes and damaged roads. 該市基礎建設維護不善導致水管破裂和道路損壞。

11. contributor [kən`trɪbjutə] *n*. 促成因素;貢獻者; 捐款人

Air pollution is seen as a likely **contributor** to health problems affecting urban children. 空氣汙染被視為是很有可能促成影響都市孩童的健康問題的因素。

- 12. retail [riztel] n., v. 零售
 - 種 retailer [ˈriztelə] n. 零售商、零售店
 The store sold some products for more than the manufacturer's suggested retail price.
 那間店以高於製造商建議的零售價格來販售一些產品。
- * 13. enhance [ɪn`hæns] v. 提高、提升;增加
 The addition of a little salt really enhanced the flavor of the fish.
 添加一點鹽真的提升了這條魚的風味。
- * 14. invest [In`vɛst] v. 投入;投資

The business plans to **invest** in more advertising to better market its products.

那間公司計畫投入更多廣告以更好地行銷其產品。

UNIT 10 撰寫激請函

* 1. exclude [ɪk`sklud] v. 把·····排除在外;不包括
In planning a camping trip, it's best not to exclude the chance that it might rain.

安排露營旅行時,最好不要排除下雨的可能性。

- * 2. boast [bost] v. 擁有(值得自豪的東西); 吹嘘 The city boasts a lot of lovely parks. 這個城市擁有許多漂亮的公園。
- * 3. scenery [`sinəri] n. 風景、景色

The house was surrounded by great scenery, including a river and a field of flowers. 這間屋子被美景環繞,包括一條河和一片花海。

* **4.** legendary [lɛdʒənzdɛri] *adj*. 著名的、家喻戶曉的; 傳說的、傳奇的

The soccer player's amazing goals had made him a **legendary** figure in the sport.

這名足球運動員驚人的得分數讓他成為這項運動的知名 人物。

*5. delicacy [`dɛlɪkəsi] n. 美食、佳餚

Some of the foods that are considered **delicacies** by some are not liked by others.

被有些人視為美食的一些食物並不受到有些人喜歡。

UNIT 11 問路英語

- * 1. pace [pes] v. 走來走去;(尤指因焦慮)來回踱步
 The security guard paced around the bank's lobby.
 那名警衛在銀行大廳走來走去。
- * 2. transfer [træns`f3] v. (使)轉乘、轉機;轉移;轉讓 Maude transferred from a train to a bus in Atlanta. 莫德在亞特蘭大由火車轉乘公車。
- ***3. complicated** [kamplə,ketəd] *adj.* 複雜的;難懂的、 難以理解的

The math problem was too **complicated** for the fourth-grade students.

這個數學題對四年級學生來說太複雜了。

* 4. route [rut] n. 路線、航線(亦可唸作 [raut])

Timothy drives the same **route** to work every weekday.

提莫西每個工作日都開同一條路線去上班。

***5. absolutely** [æbsə/lutli] *adv.* 當然、沒錯(口語中用來表達同意或用於肯定回答); 完全地、絕對地

"Absolutely," said Doris when asked if she would host the meeting.

朵莉絲被問到是否可以主持會議時,她回答「當然」。

*6. grateful [gretfəl] adj. 感激的、表示感謝的 用法 be grateful (to sb) for N./V-ing Although the salary wasn't high, Victor was grateful to be offered a new job. 雖然薪資不高,但維克多很感謝得到一份新工作。

* 7. reservation [∠rɛzə`veʃən] n. 預約、預訂;保留
The couple made a reservation at one of the best hotels in the city.

這對夫婦預訂了城裡最好的一間旅館。

*8. proceed [pro`sid] v. (朝······) 前進、行進;繼續進行 After the film ended, the audience proceeded toward the exits of the theater. 雷影結束後,觀眾朝雷影院的出口前進。

*9. pedestrian [pə`dɛstriən] adj. 徒步的;行人的 n. 行人、步行者

The **pedestrian** traffic on the sidewalks was heavier than usual due to the music festival.

人行道上的行人流量因音樂節而比平常多。

UNIT 12 盡情享受草莓季

*** 1. purchase** [pʒtʃəs] v. 購買、採購 n. 購買行為; 採購之物

Norman made a quick trip to the convenience store to **purchase** some milk.

諾曼迅速去便利商店買一些牛奶。

* **2. otherwise** [^ðð, waɪz] *adv.* 否則、不然;以其他的方式

The suspect was told to admit his crime or, otherwise, to face the consequences.

那名嫌犯被告知要承認罪行,否則就得面對後果。

3. bruised [bruzd] adj. 碰傷的;瘀傷的

The banana got **bruised** because Tara put her sandwich on top of it in her lunch box. 香蕉碰傷了,因為塔拉把午餐盒中的三明治放在它上面。

- * **4. prior** [praɪr] *adj.* 在前的、先前的(prior to 為片語介系詞,表示「在……之前」,之後接名詞或 V-ing)
 Ursula decided to have a snack **prior** to taking a walk around the neighborhood.

 烏蘇拉決定去附近散步前先去吃零食。
- * 5. fiber [faɪbə] n. 食物纖維;纖維;纖維製品、織物 Getting enough fiber from fruits and vegetables is important for maintaining your health. 從水果蔬菜中獲得足夠的食物纖維對維持健康很重要。
- *** 6. consumption** [kən`sʌm∫ən] *n*. 食用;消費;消耗(量)

lan's dentist warned him to avoid the **consumption** of too much sugar.

伊恩的牙醫警告他避免食用太多糖。

* 7. nutritious [nu`trɪʃəs] adj. 營養豐富的

The puppy was fed a **nutritious** diet that helped it grow into a big, strong dog. 那隻小狗吃的營養飲食幫助牠長成一隻又大又強壯的

*8. soak [sok] v. 浸泡

Robert **soaked** the rice in water for 30 minutes before cooking it.

在煮之前,羅伯特將米浸泡在水中三十分鐘。

*9. vinegar [vɪnɪgə] n. 醋

The cook used some **vinegar** to mix a delicious dipping sauce.

那位廚師用一些醋來混合成美味的沾醬。

* 10. combination [.kambə`nefən] n. 組合、結合、混合 The combination of Sherry's passing ability and Fiona's scoring ability helped the team win. 雪莉的傳球能力與費歐娜的得分能力相結合幫助隊伍 獲勝。

* 11. recipe [ˈrɛsəpi] n. 食譜

The **recipe** for the cookies says that they should be baked for 15 minutes at 350 degrees Fahrenheit. 餅乾的食譜寫道它們應該用華氏三百五十度烤十五分鐘。

* 12. option [ap∫ən] n. 可選擇的事物、選項

The university provided a wide range of **options** in terms of fields of study.

那所大學在學科領域提供了各式各樣的選擇。

* 13. supposedly [sə`pozədli] adv. 根據推測、據稱 Cindy was supposedly coming to the show, but Helen had doubts about that.

據說辛蒂會來看表演,但海倫對此表示懷疑。

UNIT 13 黑貓真的不吉利嗎?

1. curse [k3s] v., n. 詛咒、咒罵

The book told the tale of a man **cursed** by a witch to always be hungry no matter how much he ate. 這本書講述一名男子被女巫詛咒,無論他吃多少總是感到飢餓的故事。

*2. superstition [/supə`stɪ∫ən] n. 迷信

Some people in Taiwan have a **superstition** about the number four being unlucky.

臺灣有些人有數字四是不吉利的迷信。

*3. diminish [də`mɪnɪʃ] v. (使)減少、降低

The politician's chances of winning the election were **diminished** by his poor debate performance. 這名政治人物贏得選舉的可能性因他糟糕的辯論表現而降低。

*4. prejudice [prɛdʒədəs] n. 偏見、成見

Kim has a strong **prejudice** against dogs that seems to have resulted from some negative childhood experience.

金對狗有強烈的偏見似乎源自於孩童時期不好的經驗。

* **5.** adopt [ə`dapt] v. 領養、收養;採納、採用

The couple decided to **adopt** the child after his parents died in a car crash.

這個孩子的雙親因車禍過世後,這對夫妻決定領養他。

***6. shelter** [`∫ɛltᡒ] n. 收容所、庇護所;遮蔽;庇護處

The animal **shelter** takes in cats, dogs, birds, and other small animals.

這個動物收容所接收貓、狗、鳥和其他小動物。

UNIT 14 關於天氣的趣聞

* 1. fascinating [fæsəˌnetɪŋ] adj. 極有趣的;極有吸引力的;迷人的

fill gripping [gripIn] adj. 引人入勝的;扣人心弦的、 激動人心的

The doctor told a **fascinating** story about saving a patient's life in a war zone.

這個醫生說了一個很吸引人的故事,是關於在戰區拯救 一名患者的生命。

* 2. flee [fli] v. 逃跑、逃避(動詞三態為 flee-fled)
The family fled from the house after it caught on fire.

這家人在房子失火後逃了出來。

3. weird [wird] adj. 怪異的、不尋常的

Some people think Warren is a little **weird**, but his friends like him anyway.

有些人認為華倫有點怪,但他的朋友還是很喜歡他。

*4. thermometer [θə`mamətə] n. 溫度計

The mother wanted to check her child's temperature, but she didn't have a **thermometer**. 這名母親想給孩子量體溫,但她沒有溫度計。

*5. calculate [kælkjə/let] v. 計算;估算、推算

Candace **calculated** the total cost by adding up the prices for all of the items she bought. 坎黛絲藉由將她購買的所有商品的價格加總來計算總成本。

*6. Fahrenheit [ferən/haɪt] adj. 華氏溫度的

補 Celsius [ˈsɛlsiəs] adj. 攝氏溫度的

According to the **Fahrenheit** scale, water freezes at a temperature of 32 degrees.

根據華氏溫度,水在三十二度時結冰。

* 7. tornado [tɔr`nedo] n. 龍捲風、旋風

The **tornado** was so powerful that it tore the roofs off several houses.

這個龍捲風威力強大,把好幾間房子的屋頂都掀起。

*8. intense [ɪn`tɛns] adj. 強烈的、極度的

This author showed his **intense** love for his hometown by writing lots of poems about it. 這位作者藉由寫下許多關於故鄉的詩來展現他對它的執愛。

* 9. pillar [`pɪlə] n. 柱、柱子; 支柱

The front of the ancient temple was supported by four giant stone **pillars**.

這間古廟的正面是由四根巨大的石柱所支撐。

* 10. debris [də`bri] n. 殘骸;碎片;垃圾

The bomb destroyed the building, leaving a pile of **debris**.

炸彈摧毀了這棟建築物,留下一堆殘骸。

* 11. surroundings [sə`raundɪŋz] n. 周遭環境、周圍事物;環境(恆用複數)

Deborah felt a sense of uneasiness, because she was unfamiliar with her **surroundings**.

黛柏拉感到不安,因為她不熟悉周圍的環境。

* 12. transit [trænzət] v., n. 通過;運送

The long line of cars slowly **transited** along the road.

大排長龍的車陣延著道路緩緩通過。

* **13. conductor** [kən`dʌktə] *n.* 導體;(管絃樂隊的) 指揮

Water is a good **conductor** of electricity, so avoid water if you are near broken power lines.

水是很好的電導體,所以如果你靠近破損的電源線就要 避免接觸水。