ALL*互動英語

行動單字卡

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UNIT 1 「分身」不只長相相似而已

★1. identical [aɪ`dɛntɪkəl] adj. 一模一樣的、完全相同的(identical twins 指「同卵雙胞胎」)

囲法 be identical to/with N. 與……相同、 極為相似

The copy of the famous painting looked almost **identical** to the original.

這幅名畫的複製品看起來幾乎和原畫一模一樣。

*2. extend [ɪk`stɛnd] v. 延伸、伸展;延續 Mark's interest in movies extended even to early silent films.

馬克對電影的興趣甚至延伸到了早期的默片。

*3. genetic [dʒə`nɛtɪk] adj. 基因的;遺傳的 Genetic testing was performed to confirm the identity of the victim.

進行了基因檢驗以確認受害者的身分。

***4. recognition** [ˌrɛkɪg`nɪʃən] *n.* 認識、辨識;承認、認可

Although they had met before, Bill showed no **recognition** of Tracy upon seeing her again. 雖然他們以前見過面,但比爾再見到崔希時沒有認出她。

***5. characteristic** [kɛrɪktə rɪstɪk] *n.* 特色;特徵 Wanda's great height was a **characteristic** she shared with her sisters.

高個子是汪達與姊妹們共同的特徵。

*6. application [ˌæplə`keʃən] n. 用途、應用;應用程式;申請

Although it's a simple tool, a hammer has many practical **applications**.

雖然鎚子是一個簡單的工具,但它有許多實用的用途。

*7. potentially [pə`tɛnʃəli] adv. 可能地;潛在地 If the dam fails, the entire valley could potentially be flooded.

如果水壩發生故障,整個溪谷都很可能都會被淹沒。

UNIT 2〈迪爾姆德的背叛〉

* 1. myth [mɪθ] n. 神話;錯誤的看法或觀念 Edward likes to read myths about the Greek gods, such as Zeus and Apollo. 愛德華喜歡讀關於希臘眾神的神話,例如宙斯和阿波羅。

m法 be worthy of N./V-ing 配得上……的、 值得……的

Our music teacher dislikes pop music and says it isn't worthy of so much attention.

我們音樂老師不喜歡流行音樂,說它不值得這麼多 關注。

*** 3. warrior** [woria] *n.* (尤指舊時的)戰士、勇士、武士

The warriors cleaned their weapons in preparation for the battle. 戰士們清理武器,為戰鬥做準備。

* 4. grieve [griv] v. 悲傷、哀悼

補 grief [grif] n. 悲傷、悲痛

囲法 grieve over/for sb/sth 因……哀悼、悲痛

The old woman was still **grieving** over the death of her husband more than a year later. 即使一年多過去了,這位老太太仍為丈夫的離世而悲痛不已。

*** 5. feast** [fist] *n*. 盛宴、筵席

i banquet [`bæŋkwət] n. 宴會、盛宴

The wedding **feast** was impressive, with many delicious dishes.

這場婚宴有許多佳餚,令人印象深刻。

*6. prime [praɪm] n. 盛年、壯年時期;全盛時期 The aging soccer player insisted he was still in his prime, despite his poor performance recently.

這位上了年紀的足球員堅稱他仍在顛峰時期,儘管他最近的表現不好。

* 7. loyalty [lorəlti] n. 忠誠、忠心

囲法 loyalty to sb 對……忠誠

Isabella's **loyalty** to her friends is absolute—she would do anything for them.

伊莎貝拉對朋友的忠誠不容置喙——她願意為他們做任 何事。

*8. furious [fjuriəs] adj. 暴怒的、怒不可遏的; 激烈的

The man became **furious** when the store refused to refund his money.

店家拒絕退款時,那名男子變得非常憤怒。

* 9. pursuit [pə`sut] n. 追趕、追捕;追求 <u>用法</u> in pursuit of N. 追趕、追求……

> The dog tripped and tumbled as it ran in **pursuit** of the rabbit. 那隻狗在追趕兔子時絆倒了。

***10. viciously** [vɪʃəsli] *adv.* 凶殘地、殘暴地;惡毒地、不懷好意地

The careless tourist was kicked **viciously** by the kangaroo.

粗心的游客被袋鼠狠狠地踢了一腳。

*11. demand [dr`mænd] v. 強烈要求;需要
The cruel king demanded complete obedience from his people.

强烈的國王要求他的人民完全順從。

*12. sob [sab] v. 啜泣、抽噎

Jennifer suddenly started **sobbing** at the memory of the lost kitten. 珍妮佛想起那隻走失的小貓突然開始啜泣起來。

UNIT 3 冬季限定:倫敦浪漫知性之旅

*** 1. delight** [dr`laɪt] *n.* 樂事、令人愉悅的人或事物(可數); 欣喜、愉快(不可數)

A quiet dinner with an old friend can be a **delight**.

和老朋友共進一頓寧靜的晚餐是一件樂事。

*** 2. ultimate** [`Altəmət] *adj.* 極好的、頂級的;最好或最差的;最終的

Some think that dying to save another is the **ultimate** expression of love.

有些人認為為了救另一個人而死是愛的終極表現。

*** 3. vast** [væst] *adj.* 巨大的;廣大的

The **vast** desert was more effective than a wall in protecting the country's northern border. 廣闊的沙漠比一道城牆更能保護該國北方的邊境。

*** 4. sculpture** [`sk∧lpt∫æ] *n.* 雕像、雕刻作品;雕刻藝術

There was a **sculpture** of the queen in the palace's garden.

在宮殿的花園有一座女王的雕像。

* 5. seasonal [siznəl] adj. 季節性的;季節的
The business's profits experienced seasonal ups and downs.

這家公司的營收有季節性的起伏。

* 6. **ceremony** [ˈsɛrəˌmoni] n. 儀式、典禮;禮節 The wedding **ceremony** began with a prayer from the priest.

婚禮從牧師的祈禱開始。

* 7. **boast** [bost] v. 擁有(值得自豪的東西)(作及物用);吹嘘、誇耀(作不及物用)

Ireland **boasts** a lot of famous writers for a country with a relatively small population. 就一個人口相對少的國家來說,愛爾蘭擁有許多知名作家。

***8. attraction** [ə`træk∫ən] *n*. 具有吸引力的地方或事物;吸引力

The city's main attraction was probably the park next to the river.
那座城市主要的景點可能就是河邊的公園。

* 9. numerous [`numərəs] adj. 許多的、大量的 The reasons for Linda's decision were too numerous to count.

琳達做這個決定的理由不勝枚舉。

***10. celebration** [.sɛlə`bre∫ən] *n.* 慶祝活動、慶祝會 (可數); 慶祝、祝賀(不可數)

The country has a victory **celebration** every year in memory of the war. 該國每年都有慶祝勝利的活動來紀念這場戰爭。

*11. **burial** ['bɛriəl] *n.* 葬禮;埋葬
The **burial** took place soon after the patient's death.
在病人過世後很快就舉辦了葬禮。

*12. resemblance [rɪ`zɛmbləns] n. 相似、類似之處 Although they are brothers, Bob and David show little family resemblance.

雖然他們是兄弟,鮑伯和大衛幾乎沒有家人相似的 地方。

*13. **skyscraper** [`skal_skrepə'] *n.* 摩天大樓
New York was home to many of the first **skyscrapers** ever built.
紐約有許多最早建造的摩天大樓。

UNIT 4 旅遊緊急狀況

*1. counter [`kauntə] n. 櫃臺

The restaurant's manager placed Dan's food order on the **counter**.

餐廳經理把丹點的餐點放在櫃臺上。

*2. depart [dr`part] v. 啟程、出發、動身(作不及物用, 之後常接 from/for N.)

The man ran but was too late, as the bus had already **departed**.

男子用跑的但為時已晚,因為公車已經開走了。

*3. document [dakjəmənt] n. (正式的)文件、公文 The university's library has a number of interesting historical documents. 這所大學的圖書館有許多有趣的歷史文件。

***4.** transfer [træns`f3] v. 轉移;轉讓;轉乘、轉機; 調動

The magician **transferred** the coin to his pocket while the audience wasn't looking. 魔術師診著觀眾沒在看時把硬幣放到了他的口袋裡。

*5. submit [səb`mɪt] v. 提交、呈遞

The author **submitted** her story to the magazine for consideration.

這名作者把她的故事提給該雜誌以供考慮。

*6. estimate [`ɛstəˌmet] v. 估計、估量;評估、判斷 The pilot estimated that the flight would take about six hours.

飛行員估計航程將需要六個小時左右。

***7. noticeable** [`notəsəbəl] *adj.* 顯著的、明顯的; 引人注目的

The change in Julie's attitude after the argument was **noticeable**.

在爭執後茱莉態度的轉變很明顯

*8. aspect [ˈæ/spɛkt] n. 方面、層面
The training program improved several aspects of Rosa's health.
訓練計畫改善了蘿莎健康的好幾個層面。

UNIT 5 美麗的運動:足球知多少

- * 1. tournament [turnəmənt] n. 錦標賽
 Robin won another match in the tennis
 tournament and will play for the championship.
 羅賓在網球錦標賽中贏了另一場比賽,並且將參加
 冠軍賽。
- * 2. intense [In`tɛns] adj. 強烈的、極度的 Sean wore a hat to protect his eyes from the intense sunlight. 肖恩戴了一頂帽子來保護眼睛不受強烈的陽光照射。

3. alternate [`oltənət] adj. 替代的、代用的、 供選擇的; 交替的

After the first method failed, the scientist used an **alternate** method to cause the reaction. 在第一種方法失敗後,科學家用另一種方法來引發反應。

* 4. differentiate [_dɪfə`rɛnfi_et] v. 辨別、區別、 區分

用法 differentiate A from B 區分 A 與 B; 使 A 有別於 B

The new car's advanced design **differentiates** it from older models.

這部新車的先進設計使它有別於舊的型號。

* 5. involve [In`valv] v. 包含、需要;涉及、牽涉 The accident involved three cars, a scooter, and a garbage truck. 這起車禍涉及三部汽車、一臺機車和一輛垃圾車。

* 6. oval [oval] adj. 橢圓形的 n. 橢圓形
The diamond was cut in an oval shape that was similar to that of an egg.
這類鑽石被切割成一個類似蛋的橢圓形。

* **7. defend** [dɪ`fɛnd] *v.* (運動比賽中)衛冕、蟬聯冠 軍;防禦、保衛

用法 defend one's title 衛冕冠軍

France aims to **defend** its 2018 World Cup title at the 2022 World Cup in Qatar. 法國意圖在二〇二二卡達世界盃蟬聯二〇一八年的世界盃冠軍。

***8. massive** [`mæsɪv] *adj.* 巨大的、龐大的、大規模的;大量的

A **massive** crowd waited outside the gates of the stadium before the big game. 大賽開始前,一大群人在體育館大門外等候。

*9. comparable [`kamprəbəl] adj. 相當的、類似的;可相比的

The two computers were of **comparable** quality, so Brenda bought the cheaper one. 這兩臺電腦品質相當,所以布蘭達買了比較便宜的那臺。

*10. incredibly [ɪn`krɛdəbli] adv. 極其;難以置信地 Colin felt incredibly sleepy after staying up all night to study for the test.

柯林在整晚熬夜讀書準備考試後覺得非常想睡。

- *11. fortunately [fortsnotli] adv. 幸運的是;幸好 Fortunately, no one was hurt in the accident. 幸運的是,沒有人在事故中受傷。
- ***12. fascinating** [`fæsəˌnetɪŋ] *adj.* 極為有趣的、 迷人的

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As a fan, Tony found the show about the history of rock music **fascinating**.

作為粉絲,東尼覺得關於搖滾樂歷史的節目非常有趣。

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UNIT 6 再度踏上《阿凡達》的旅程

*** 1. shatter** [`∫ætᡒ] v. (使)粉碎、破碎(shatter/break a record 表示「打破一項紀錄」)

The baseball thrown by Tommy **shattered** the window.

湯米丟的棒球砸碎了窗戶。

*** 2. alien** [`eliən] *adj.* 外星的;異族的;異國的; 奇異的

No one believed Jessica's story about seeing an alien spaceship.

沒有人相信潔西卡看到外星人太空船的故事。

3. collective [kə`lɛktɪv] *adj.* 集體的、共同的;總的 The math team's victory was truly a **collective** effort.

數學團隊的勝利確實是集體的努力。

* 4. landscape [lænd.skep] n. (特定的)活動領域、 形勢; (陸上)風景、自然景色

The political **landscape** was dramatically changed by the president's death.
政壇在總統去世後產生了重大的變化。

- * 5. projection [prə`dʒεkʃən] n. 放映、投射、投影 Everyone had to exit the theater when the projection equipment caught on fire. 投影設備著火時,每個人都得離開劇院。
- *** 6. corporate** [`korprət] *adj.* 公司的、法人(組織)的; 全體的

圃 corporation [ˌkərpə`reʃən] n. 大公司、大企業 The company's corporate culture encouraged some bad behaviors among its employees. 這家公司的企業文化助長了員工的一些不良行為。

* 7. tragedy [ˈtrædʒədi] n. 災難、不幸;悲劇(作品) The loss of the town's only library was a tragedy. 失去城鎮唯一的圖書館是個悲劇。

*8. series [`sɪriz] n. 一系列、一連串、接連 A series of unexpected problems caused the event to be postponed.

一連串意料之外的問題導致該活動延期。

★ 9. intend [In`tɛnd] v. 準備、預留(做某種用途);
計劃、打算

max be intended for N. / to V. 為……設置; 用來作為……

This medicine is not **intended** for use with alcohol.

這種藥物不是用來和酒精一同服用的。

*10. visual [ˈvɪʒəwəl] adj. 視覺的;視力的
The visual elements of the concert added to the beauty of the music.
這場音樂會的視覺元素為音樂之美增色不少。

*11. technological [/tɛknə`ladʒɪkəl] adj. 技術的、 科技的、工藝的

Technological advances have made today's computers much more powerful than those of 20 years ago.

技術進步使現今的電腦比二十年前的那些電腦功能 更強大。

*12. accomplish [ə`kamplɪʃ] v. 達成、完成 After months of training, Nathan accomplished his goal of running a marathon. 經過數個月的訓練,奈森完成了跑馬拉松的目標。

*13. permanently [pɜmənəntli] adv. 永久地;長期不變地

Because of their argument, Patrick and Edward's friendship was **permanently** damaged. 由於他們的爭執,派翠克跟愛德華的友誼受到了永久破壞。

***14. thrilling** [θrɪlɪŋ] *adj.* 扣人心弦的、引人入勝的; 驚險緊張的

 $fine thrill [\theta r r l] n. (突然而強烈的)激動、恐懼、興奮 The book's$ **thrilling**conclusion left Vera's heart beating fast.

這本書驚險刺激的結局讓薇拉的心臟跳得很快。

UNIT 7 羊駝和駱馬:傻傻分不清楚?

*1. differ [`dɪfə] v. 不同、有區別

m法 differ in N. 在……(方面)不同 differ from N. 與……不同

The twins **differed** slightly in how they dressed. 那對雙胞胎在穿著方面稍有不同。

*2. contrast [`kon.træst] n. 對比;差異

id compare [kəm`pɛr] v., n. 比較(相似之處)

The politician's actions stood in **contrast** to the promises he had made.
那名政治人物的作為和他所做的承諾大相逕庭。

*3. herd [h3d] n. 獸群、畜群
The herd of elephants gathered by the river.
一群大象聚集在河邊。

*4. predator [`prɛdətə'] n. 捕食性動物;掠奪者
Mice fear various predators, such as cats, that
might eat them.
老鼠害怕許多可能會吃牠們的捕食性動物,像是貓。

*5. likewise [laɪk_waɪz] adv. 同樣地;照樣地
Tom's behavior shocked his friends, and Tom's neighbors were likewise offended.
湯姆的行為讓他的朋友們震驚,而湯姆的鄰居也同樣被冒犯。

- ***6. goods** [gudz] *n.* 貨物、商品 (作此義時恆用複數形) The shop sells baked **goods** and other snacks. 這家店販售烘焙品跟其他點心。

CNN News 回顧伊莉莎白女王的幽默感

*1. wit [wɪt] n. (說話的)機智、幽默風趣 (quick wit 表示「機智敏捷」)
Carol's quick wit has made her well known for

卡蘿的機智敏捷使她以講有趣的笑話而聞名。

making funny jokes.

*2. **definitely** [`dɛfənɪtli] adv. 肯定地、當然;明確地 The hotel confirmed that a room would **definitely** be available. 飯店確認肯定會有一間空房。

- *3. verbal [vʒbəl] adj. 口頭的;用語言表達的
 The teacher provided only verbal instructions, so Margaret wrote them down quickly.
 老師只提供了口頭指示,所以瑪格麗特迅速把它們寫下來。
- *4. enormous [ɪ`nərməs] adj. 巨大的、極大的 Gayle was surprised by an enormous bug in the bathroom.

 蓋爾被浴室裡一隻巨大的蟲子嚇了一跳。
- *5. helicopter [`hɛləːkaptə'] n. 直升機
 A helicopter was used to quickly fly the patient to a hospital.

 —架直升機被用來將病人迅速送到醫院。
- *6. bodyguard [`badizgard] n. 隨扈、保鏢;警衛 The bodyguard risked his own life to protect the president.

那名保鑣冒著生命危險保護總統

*7. swap [swap] v. 交換 Howard swapped sea

Howard **swapped** seats with Valerie so he could see the blackboard better.

霍華德和瓦萊麗交換座位,以便能更清楚看到黑板。

UNIT 8 準備過聖誕節

*1. apparently [ə`pɛrəntli] adv. 顯然;似乎、看來;據說

By the time Tom arrived at the store, the special sale was **apparently** already over. 在湯姆抵達那間店時,特賣會顯然已經結束了。

***2. soak** [sok] v. 浸、泡;使濕透;滲透

Alma **soaked** the dishes in the sink before she washed them.

阿爾瑪在洗盤子以前,把它們放在水槽內浸泡。

*3. vinegar [ˈvɪnɪgə] n. 醋

Many people like to eat fish and chips with **vinegar**.

許多人喜歡吃炸魚薯條時配醋

*4. overnight [/ovə`naɪt] adv. 整夜、在夜間; 一夜之間

Rather than make a long drive late in the evening, Dominic stayed with some friends **overnight**. 多米尼克沒有開長途夜車,而是整晚和幾個朋友待在一起。

***5. complicated** [kamplə,ketəd] *adj.* 複雜的;難以理解的

The instructions for making the cake were so **complicated** that Carol decided to just buy one instead.

製作蛋糕的說明太複雜了,卡蘿決定就買一個來代替。

*6. associate [ə`soʃizet] v. 聯想; 聯繫 用法 associate A with B、be associated with N. Some people associate wearing glasses with being intelligent.

有些人把戴眼鏡跟聰明聯想在一起。

*7. supposedly [sə`pozədli] adv. 據稱、據說;根據 推測

The new law would **supposedly** reduce pollution, but critics had doubts about that claim. 這個新法據說會減少汙染,但批評者對此說法抱持懷疑。

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UNIT 9 蝗蟲可以檢測人體內的癌症?

- *1. demonstrate [ˈdɛmənˌstret] v. 證明、表明; 顯示;示範
 - exhibit [Ig`zIbət] v. 表現、顯示;展出、展示 display [dɪ`sple] v. 顯示;顯露、表露

The extra practice **demonstrated** the basketball team's desire to win.

額外的訓練證明了這支籃球隊想贏球的渴望。

*2. utilize [ˈjutəːlaɪz] v. 使用、利用
The plane's design utilized special materials to make it lighter.
這架飛機的設計使用了特殊材質使其更輕。

*3. device [dɪ`vaɪs] n. 裝置、器具、設備 A phone is a device that lets you speak to other people far, far away. 電話是讓你可以跟遠方的其他人交談的一種裝置。

*4. attach [ə`tætʃ] v. 使附著、附上;固定 用法 attach A to B 把 A 附著在 B 上;將 A 連在 B 上 Meredith attached a nice note to the birthday present she bought for her brother. 梅莉迪絲將一張精美的便條附在她買給弟弟的生日 禮物上。

★5. encounter [ɪn`kauntə] V. 遇到、遭遇(問題、不愉快的事情);偶遇

The policeman was surprised to **encounter** the suspect at the post office.

警察在郵局遇到那名嫌疑犯感到很驚訝。

***6. distinct** [dr`stɪŋkt] *adj.* 明顯不同的、有區別的;

Liza couldn't see any difference between the two colors, but they were quite **distinct** to Sarah. 萊莎看不出這兩種顏色的差別,但對莎拉來說卻明顯不同。

UNIT 10 歡慶聖誕節各異其趣

- * 1. ritual [`rɪtʃəwəl] n. 儀式;習慣;例行公事
 The brothers had a Saturday morning ritual of eating cereal while watching cartoons.
 這對兄弟有一個星期六早上邊看卡通邊吃穀片的儀式。
- *** 2. saint** [sent] *n*. (基督教會正式追封的) 聖徒、聖人 The church declared the priest a **saint** because of the help he gave to the poor. 教會因為他給予窮人的協助而宣布這名牧師為聖人。

*3. version [v33ən] n. 版本、變化形式
The version of the video game sold in Europe was different from that sold in the US.
這款歐洲販售的雷玩版本與美國販售的版本不同。

> 那兩個朋友彼此如此相似,以致於有些人以為她們是 姊妹。

5. troublesome [trʌbəlsəm] adj. 令人煩惱、頭疼的;麻煩的

The bathroom sink had a **troublesome** leak that kept Marvin awake at night.
浴室水槽有惱人的漏水,使得馬文夜不能眠。

*6. **broom** [brum] *n*. 掃帚
Carla grabbed a **broom** to sweep up the pieces of the broken plate.
卡拉拿起掃帚把盤子碎片掃起來。

7. snatch [snæt∫] v. 搶奪、奪取;一把抓住 The child snatched a cookie when her mother wasn't looking. 這個小孩趁媽媽不注意時一把抓起一塊餅乾。

★8. outfit [`aut_fit] n. 一套服裝;全套裝備 Toby wore a superhero outfit to the Halloween party. 陶比穿了一套超級英雄服裝去萬聖節派對。

★9. competition [¬kampə`tɪ∫ən] n. 競賽;競爭 The skiing **competition** was canceled due to a lack of snow. 這場滑雪比賽因為沒有雪而取消了。

*10. spark [spark] n. 火花;靈感;導火線
The singer seems to have lost her spark on her latest album, which is a bit boring.
這位歌手似乎在她的最新的專輯中失去了火花,這有點無聊。

UNIT 12 羅宋湯:烏克蘭的紅寶石

* 1. cuisine [kwɪ`zin] n. (一國或地區的) 烹飪、菜餚 Seafood is commonly featured in Japanese cuisine.

海鮮是日本料理常見的特色。

2. consensus [kən`sɛnsəs] n. 共識;一致看法(常用 reach a consensus 表示「達成共識」)
The group of friends could not reach a consensus on where to eat dinner.
這群朋友對於去哪裡吃晚餐無法達成共識。

* **4. stem** [stɛm] *n.* (植物的)梗、莖、稈 The **stems** of the flowers were cut off and thrown away. 花朵的莖被切斷並丟棄。

* 5. derive [dì raɪv] v. 起源於、來自(作此義時之後需接 from sth)

The majority of English words are **derived** from either Latin or German. 大多數的英文單詞不是源自拉丁文就是德文。

* 6. noble [`nobəl] n. 貴族 Manobility [no`bɪləti] n. 貴族階層(作此義時要用 the nobility);高尚、崇高

The **nobles** became the enemies of the queen. 這些貴族變成了女王的敵人。

* 7. decline [dɪ`klaɪn] n., v. 衰退、衰落、下降
The small town suffered due to the decline of the local steel industry.
這個小鎮因當地鋼鐵業衰退而遭受打擊。

*8. slightly [slaɪtli] adv. 稍微、略微 Although the movie was described as a comedy, Marge found it only slightly funny. 雖然這部電影被描述為喜劇,但瑪吉卻認為它只有一點好笑。

★9. incorporate [ɪn`kərpəˌret] v. 把······合併、使併入;包含

m法 incorporate A into B 把 A 併入 B
The sounds of a fire burning were incorporated into the beginning of the song.
火燃燒的聲音被納入這首歌的開頭。

*10. communist [`komjənɪst] adj. 共產主義的 (Communist Party 指「共產黨」) n. 共產主義者; 共產黨黨員(常用大寫表示)

The **communist** painter displayed his political views in his work.

那位共產主義的畫家在他的作品中展示他的政治觀點。

*11. association [əˌsosi`eʃən] n. 聯想;關聯;協會 There is a clear association between exercising and better health. 運動和健康之間有明顯的關聯。

*12. symbolic [sɪm`balɪk] adj. 作為……的象徵的; 象徵的

IIII be symbolic of N. 象徵……的
Red roses are **symbolic** of love to many people.
對許多人而言,紅玫瑰象徵愛情。

13. acquisition [ˌækwəˈzɪʃən] n. 獲得;取得;收購 Liana hoped that her acquisition of property would one day make her wealthy. 莉安娜希望她獲得的財產有一天可以讓她變得更富裕。

UNIT 13 世界之巔: 聖母峰

* 1. generation [ˌdʒɛnə`reʃən] n. 代、世代;一代人 The businessman's money was carefully invested to support future generations of his family. 這名商人的錢被謹慎投資以供養家族的後代子孫。

* 2. impact [`ɪmzpækt] n. 影響、作用、衝擊 用法 have an impact on N. 對……造成影響 Recent weather events have had a major impact on global food prices. 最近的天氣事件對全球的食物價格造成重大影響。

***3. surroundings** [sə`raundɪŋz] *n.* 周遭環境、生活條件(恆用複數形)

The child became frightened by her unfamiliar surroundings.

這個孩子被陌生的環境嚇壞了。

* **4. status** [stætəs] *n.* 地位、身分;狀態
The school's **status** was raised by the high test scores of its students.
學校的地位因學生的考試成績高而獲得提升。

* 5. alter [olta] v. 改變、修改
The author's strong arguments altered the views of many people.
作者強有力的論點改變了許多人的觀點。

* 6. annually [`ænjuəli] adv. 每年地;一年一度地 The company's profits had increased annually for five years in a row. 這間公司連續五年的營收都逐年增加。

* 7. secure [sr`kjur] v. 固定、繫緊、拴緊
The man's tie was secured to his shirt with a pin.

男子的領帶用別針固定在襯衫上。

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*8. guardian [gardian] n. 守護者、護衛者;監護人 (guardian angel 指「守護天使、守護神」)
The dog was the guardian of the chickens against foxes and other dangers.
這隻狗是雞群不受狐狸和其他危險侵擾的守護者。

* 9. contaminate [kən`tæməznet] v. 汙染、弄髒 The oil spill contaminated the river and killed many fish.

漏油汗染了河川,造成許多魚死亡。

- *12. harsh [horf] adj. 惡劣的、嚴峻的;殘酷的 The harsh environment of the city made Herman miss his small hometown. 城市的惡劣環境讓赫曼很想念他的家鄉小鎮。

UNIT 14 學習模式比一比

1. versus [ˈvɜsəs] *prep.* 與……相比;對上……(常縮寫為 vs.)

For the summer, Marvin faced a choice of getting a job **versus** taking a trip.

這個夏天,馬文面臨找工作與去旅行的抉擇。

- *3. analysis [ə`næləsəs] n. 分析
 Before making his decision, Ken performed a careful analysis of his choices.
 在做出決定前,肯恩對他的選擇進行了仔細的分析。
- *4. absorb [əb`sərb] v. 理解、掌握;吸收 Kendra can quickly absorb the words of cool new songs.
 肯德拉能夠迅速理解酷炫新歌的歌詞。
- ***5. assign** [ə`saɪn] v. 指派、分配

My mother **assigned** me the task of taking out the garbage.

媽媽把倒垃圾的工作分派給我。

6. lecture [lɛktʃə] n. 講課、講座
The professor gave a **lecture** on the history of Taiwan.

教授講述了一堂關於臺灣史的課。

*7. disadvantage [ˌdɪsədˈvæntɪdʒ] n. 缺點、不利條件、劣勢(字首 dis-表示「不、非、相反」)

Living in a really cold city certainly has some disadvantages.

住在一個很冷的城市當然有一些缺點。